

1. (25 marks) Let  $a, b$  be integers and let  $A(n)$  be the predicate:

If  $n$  divides  $ab$ , then  $n$  divides  $a$  or  $n$  divides  $b$ .

- (a) Write down the contrapositive of  $A(n)$ .
- (b) Determine with reason whether it is true that  $\exists n \in \mathbb{N} A(n)$ .
- (c) Determine with reason whether it is true that  $\forall n \in \mathbb{N} A(n)$ .

2. (25 marks) Let  $n$  be a non-negative integer and  $m_1, m_2, \dots, m_n$  natural numbers and let  $W(n)$  be the set

$$W(n) = \{-m_1, -m_2, \dots, -m_n\} \cup \mathbb{N}.$$

Prove by mathematical induction on  $n$  that  $W(n)$  is a well-ordered set.

3. (25 marks) Let  $\sim$  be a relation on  $\mathbb{Z}$  defined by  $x \sim y$  if and only if  $|x| = |y|$ . Show that  $\sim$  is an equivalence relation, and find the equivalence class  $[2]$  containing 2.
4. (25 marks) Let  $h : X \rightarrow Y$  be a function. If  $h : X \rightarrow Y$  is onto, show that the function  $h^{-1} : \mathcal{P}(Y) \rightarrow \mathcal{P}(X)$  by  $B \mapsto h^{-1}(B)$  is an order preserving function, where  $\mathcal{P}(Y)$  and  $\mathcal{P}(X)$  are regarded as posets under inclusion  $\subseteq$ .